Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Financial Statements For the Year Ended March 31, 2024

### **Contact Information**

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For the Year Ended March 31, 2024

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Directors of Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay (the Corporation), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2024, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Salmon Arm, British Columbia September 23, 2024

## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Statement of Financial Position

	General and			
March 24	Projects	Investment	2024	2023
March 31	Fund	Fund	Total	Total
Assets				
Current	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>.</b>
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 1,067,054	\$ 1,819,628	\$ 2,886,682	\$ 2,881,866
Accounts receivable Current portion of loans receivable (Note 3)	259,902	896,514	259,902 896,514	274,363 785,373
Prepaid expenses	4,125	670,514	4,125	10,475
Trepara expenses	•		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1,331,081	2,716,142	4,047,223	3,952,077
Loans receivable (Note 3)	-	6,526,702	6,526,702	7,624,312
Capital assets (Note 4)	40,794	-	40,794	48,168
Investment in West Kootenay Boundary Investment Co-op	1,000	-	1,000	1,000
Investment in Joint Venture (Note 5)	154,103	-	154,103	170,694
	\$ 1,526,978	\$ 9,242,844	\$10,769,822	\$ 11,796,251
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Current	¢ 455 427	¢ 404.407	¢ 240.222	Ć 4E4 242
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Unearned revenue	\$ 155,127 18,135	\$ 194,196	\$ 349,323 18,135	\$ 151,213 66,798
Loans payable (Note 7)	10,133	293,880	293,880	2,348,069
Interfund balances	(300,000)	•	-	-
		•	444 220	2 544 090
Fund Balances	(126,738)	788,076	661,338	2,566,080
Invested in capital assets (Note 8)	145,400	-	145,400	169,867
Externally restricted (Note 9)	313,686	8,454,768	8,768,454	8,110,100
Internally restricted (Note 10)	132,675	-	132,675	91,691
Unrestricted	1,061,955	-	1,061,955	858,513
	1,653,716	8,454,768	10,108,484	9,230,171
	\$ 1,526,978	\$ 9,242,844	\$10,769,822	\$ 11,796,251

On behalf of the Board: \_\_\_





## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Statement of Changes in Net Assets

		2023			
For the year ended March 31	General Fund	Projects Fund	Investment Fund	Total	Total
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 1,120,071 \$	166,553	\$ 7,943,547	\$ 9,230,171	\$ 8,981,803
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses	(5,111)	227,203	656,221	878,313	248,368
Interfund revenue and expense	80,070	(80,070)	-	-	-
Interfund transfers (Note 11)	145,000	-	(145,000)	-	<u>-</u>
Balance, end of the year	\$ 1,340,030 \$	313,686	\$ 8,454,768	\$10,108,484	\$ 9,230,171

## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Statement of Operations

	2024							2023		
For the year ended March 31	G	eneral Fund	Pro	ojects Fund		Investment Fund		Total		Total
Revenue										
Pacific Economic Development Canada and other federal										
grants	\$	590,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	590,934	\$	417,272
Provincial grants		1,687,353		104,300		-		1,791,653		1,399,970
Local government grants		65,000		312,081		-		377,081		161,077
Columbia Basin Trust		29,800		4,000		-		33,800		77,767
Other grants and contributions Fees for services		38,705 52,201		134,500 9,805		23,251		173,205 85,257		109,515 59,337
Interest on deposits		63,186		9,603		115,605		178,791		91,137
Interest on deposits Interest on loans receivable		03,100		_		611,504		611,504		399,797
Rental revenue		88,630		-		-		88,630		83,321
		2,615,809		564,686		750,360		3,930,855		2,799,193
Expenses										
Advertising and promotion		18,572		819		-		19,391		6,475
Audit and legal fees		45,878		-		-		45,878		37,555
Amortization		7,374		-		-		7,374		14,279
Bad debt expense		-		8,820		61,773		70,593		53,648
Bank charges and interest		8,434		-		32,366		40,800		27,187
Conferences and trade shows		18,447		4,236		-		22,683		17,455
Employee travel and training		7,651		14,561		-		22,212		31,728
Insurance and dues		15,202		-		-		15,202		11,816
Loss on joint venture		87,037				-		87,037		88,459
Meetings and director travel		13,787		2,701		-		16,488		14,554
Office maintenance and supplies		74,734		24,534		-		99,268		75,484
Premises cost		1,277		-		-		1,277		882
Recruitment		199		77		-		276		4 2 42 052
Salaries, benefits, and contractors		957,078		281,265		-		1,238,343		1,243,953
Self-employment supports		1,355,356		400		-		1,355,356		883,336
Special projects Telephone and fax		1,118 8,776		400 70		-		1,518 8,846		35,415 8,715
·		2,620,920		337,483		94,139		3,052,542		2,550,941
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses	\$	(5,111)	\$	227,203	\$	656,221	\$	878,313	\$	248,252

## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Statement of Cash Flows

3,139,794 (2,877,177) 611,505 (8,490) 356,587 (981,689)	\$	2,224,687 (2,572,493) 399,521 (7,819)
(2,877,177) 611,505 (8,490) 356,587	•	(2,572,493) 399,521
(2,877,177) 611,505 (8,490) 356,587	•	(2,572,493) 399,521
611,505 (8,490) 356,587		399,521
(8,490) 356,587		,
356,587		(7 910)
•		
(981,689)		1,519,890
, , ,		(1,553,448)
240,530		10,338
-		(1,685)
(72,000)		(72,000)
178,791		91,137
106,791		17,452
(310,195)		(59,579)
(32,310)		(19,368)
(342,505)		(78,947)
4,816		(51,157)
2,881,866		2,933,023
2,886,682	\$	2,881,866
		699,935
1,819,629		2,181,931
2,886,682	\$	2,881,866
	(981,689) 240,530 (72,000) 178,791 106,791 (310,195) (32,310) (342,505) 4,816 2,881,866	356,587 (981,689) 240,530 (72,000) 178,791 106,791 (310,195) (32,310) (342,505) 4,816 2,881,866 2,886,682 \$ 1,067,053 1,819,629

#### March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature and Purpose of Organization

Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay was incorporated August 24, 1995 without share capital under Part 2 of the Canada Corporations Act for the purpose of providing loans, advice to regional businesses and assistance to individuals to become self-employed or start their own business in the Central Kootenay and surrounding areas.

The Corporation is exempt from corporate income taxes under the Income Tax Act as a not-for-profit organization.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Corporation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The General Fund accounts for the Corporation's operating costs and general revenues. This fund includes the operating and business centres, as well as the self-employment programs. program delivery and administrative activities. The General Fund reports unrestricted and operating grants.

The Projects Fund reports only externally restricted resources that are to be used for specified projects and programs purposes.

The Investment Fund consists of seven programs provided under the authority of either the Federal or Provincial funding contracts. The funds are used to provide financial assistance in the form of loans to individuals and small businesses in the community according to the following guidelines:

#### i) Primary Program

Provides loans, normally not exceeding \$150,000, to businesses located in the community that will assist in the creation or maintenance of long-term employment and enhance economic growth in the Central Kootenay community.

#### ii) Repayable Youth Investment Program

Provides loans, normally not to exceed \$25,000, to businesses owned and operating by persons less than thirty years of age.

#### iii) Repayable Investment Program

Provides loans, normally not exceeding \$150,000, to small businesses in the community.

#### iv) Community Business Loans Program

Provides loans, up to a maximum of \$150,000 to businesses in a rural community outside of the Capital Regional District and the Greater Vancouver Regional District in British Columbia and that are in the forest sector, aquaculture, manufacturing, tourism or another prescribed sector of the economy. The fund was created by a \$579,944 contribution from the former Forest Renewal B.C. with a matching contribution from the Corporation.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### v) Repayable Disabled Entrepreneurs Investment Fund

Provides loans, normally not exceeding \$150,000, to disabled entrepreneurs.

#### vi) Repayable Micro Loan Fund

Provides loans, not exceeding \$5,000, to small businesses in the community.

#### vii) CFLIP Investment Fund

Provides loans, with no specified limit, to businesses in the Central Kootenay. The fund is financed by a line of credit, with a maximum of \$1.5 million. The line of credit is administered by Community Futures Development Association of B.C. as part of the Community Futures Lending and Investment Pool (CFLIP) of BC program.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the appropriate restricted fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. However, if no appropriate restricted fund is presented, then the restricted contribution is recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenue on loans is accrued on a daily basis using the effective interest rates. Rental income is recognized on a monthly basis. Fee-for-service revenue is recognized upon delivery of the service to the customer.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments are recorded at fair value at initial recognition.

In subsequent periods, financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items measured at fair value and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets are tested for impairment when indicators of impairment exist. When a significant change in the expected timing or amount of the future cash flows of the financial asset is identified, the carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced and the amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, provided it is not greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously, and the amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

#### **Tangible Capital Assets**

Purchased tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Betterments that extend the useful life of the tangible capital asset are capitalized.

Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

	Method	Rate
Building improvements	Straight-line	25 years
Building within joint venture	Straight-line	25 years
Computer hardware	Straight-line	3 years
Office equipment	Straight-line	5 years

When a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to an Corporation's ability to provide goods and services, or the future economic benefits or service potential of the tangible capital asset is less than its carrying value, the excess of its net carrying amount over its fair value or replacement cost is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations.

When a tangible capital asset is disposed of, the difference between the net proceeds on disposition and the net carrying amount is recognized in the statement of operations.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Loans Receivable

All interest income on loans receivable is recorded on an accrual basis. The Corporation ceases to accrue interest on doubtful loans. The loss provision is determined by management after the review of its loan portfolio, security thereto, and payments received. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by management to reduce the differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

# Investment in Joint Venture

The Corporation uses the equity method to account for its investment in the Gray Building.

# Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Corporation assesses long-lived assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized on a long-lived asset when its carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from its use and eventual disposal. The amount of the impairment loss is equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its fair value. No impairment loss was recognized by the Corporation in the current year.

#### Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those reported. Significant items requiring the use of estimates include the loan loss provision, the useful lives of tangible capital assets and impairment of long-lived assets.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 2. Cash

The Corporation has available to it three lines of credit totaling \$250,000. The lines of credit bear interest at the prime rate plus 1%. The prime rate at March 31, 2024 was 6.95% (2023 - 6.70%). At March 31, 2024, the Corporation had not drawn upon these lines of credit.

#### 3. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable in the investment fund are as follows:

	2024	2023
Primary Program Community Business Program Repayable Youth Investment Program Repayable Investment Program Repayable SE Micro Loan Program Repayable Disabled Loan Program Repayable CFLIP RRRF	\$ 5,275,460 \$ 1,169,173 290,836 654,864 3,197 5,409 - 285,544	4,635,900 1,064,719 165,297 398,053 4,030 - 314,142 2,027,038
Allowance for impaired loans	7,684,483 (261,267) 7,423,216	8,609,179 (199,494) 8,409,685
Current portion	896,514	785,373
	\$ 6,526,702 \$	7,624,312

Included in loans receivable in the investment fund are 14 loans over \$150,000 totaling \$3,189,589.

The loans receivable are due in monthly payments including interest at rates varying from 5.00% to 11.70% (2023 - 5.00% to 11.45%) and are secured by one, or a combination of, debentures, personal guarantees, promissory notes, mortgages and other charges on property. A significant portion of the loans are to individuals or corporations involved in or starting a small business, and as such, the Corporation is exposed to all the risks associated with that segment of the industry.

These financial statements contain sixteen loans are administered by the Corporation under loan participation agreements. Under these agreements, the Corporation administers the funds provided by Community Futures of other districts, holds the security, and receives all payments on account of the loan as trustee for the partners. Six additional participation agreements exist where the Corporation provides funds administered by other community futures offices. These are not recorded in the financial statements.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 4. Capital Assets

		2024		2023
	Cost	 ccumulated mortization	Cost	 cumulated nortization
Building improvements Computer hardware Office equipment	\$ 103,892 193,433 222,083	\$ 63,098 193,433 222,083	\$ 103,892 193,433 222,083	\$ 58,942 190,215 222,083
	\$ 519,408	\$ 478,614	\$ 519,408	\$ 471,240
Net book value		\$ 40,794		\$ 48,168

#### 5. Investment in Joint Venture

The Corporation uses the equity method to account for its individual 40% beneficial interest in the ownership of the Gray Building in Nelson, B.C. The Gray Building is operated under a joint venture agreement with two private parties who own the remaining 60% of the building. The building is registered to a numbered company with the beneficial interest transferred to the Corporation through a bare trust agreement.

Below is the summarized financial information for the 40% interest. The impact of the 3 month timing difference between the joint venture year-end and the Corporations year-end has not been recorded as the impact is not significant.

		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current assets	\$	54,379	53,450
Land		61,872	61,872
Building		427,327	427,327
Accounts payable		(4,882)	(4,455)
Total equity per joint venture	_	538,696	538,194
Accumulated amortization of building		(384,593)	(367,500)
Total investment in joint venture	\$	154,103	170,694

Under the agreement, the Corporation has exclusive use of the 2nd floor of the building.

During the year, the Corporation made a contribution to the joint venture of \$72,000. The Corporation's net loss picked up from the joint venture for the year is \$87,037.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$23,900 (2023 - \$22,021).

#### 7. Loans Payable

	 2024	2023
Community Futures Lending and Investment Pool - line of credit repayable to Community Futures of British Columbia at a monthly interest rate equal to the prime rate of 6.95%. This line of credit has a maximum borrowing amount of \$1,500,000 and is secured by a General Security Agreement from the Corporation	\$ -	\$ 303,800
Loan from the Southern Interior Development Initiative Trust to form part of a loan to a specific client. Repayment consists of the proportionate share of the principal plus the proportionate amount of interest collected from the client.	8,336	14,731
Conditionaly repayable non interest-bearing RRRF loan from CFBC (Note 12)	285,544	2,029,538
	\$ 293,880	\$ 2,348,069

#### 8. Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets

The investment in capital assets is represented by the following:

	 2024	2023
Net book value of tangible capital assets Net book value of proportionate share of tangible	\$ 40,794	\$ 48,168
capital assets in the joint venture	 104,606	121,699
	\$ 145,400	\$ 169,867

#### March 31, 2024

#### 9. External Restrictions on Net Assets

#### **Projects Fund**

Externally restricted balances in the Projects Fund represent the unexpended portion of funds received for specified projects and programs as follows:

		2024	2023
Castlegar Economic Development Cannabis Business Transition Initiative - Province of BC Cannabis Economic Development Council - RDCK Community Futures Pan West Cyber Security Initiative Climate Resilient Kootenay Business - RDCK, CBT, &	\$	24,375 9,207 7,024	\$ 9,207 - (35)
ETSI-BC		24,697	-
Export Navigator - Small Business BC		1,918	8,846
Greater Nelson Workforce Housing Study - RDCK Areas E&F & City of Nelson		7,834	17,425
Kootenay Business Transition and Investment Attraction - Province of BC		34,877	19,517
Nelson & Area Economic Development Partnership - City of Nelson & RDCK Areas E&F		40,044	39,322
Rural Ride Hailing - ETSI-BC		25,000	-
Rural and Northern Immigration Pilot - Rural Opportunities Fund & ETSI-BC Slocan Valley Economic Development - RDCK, CBT,		-	(8,187)
Province of BC & ETSI-BC		16,874	458
Start-Up Business Advisor - ETSI-BC		34,266	-
SVED-SAEDCB - Village of Slocan		48,173	-
West Kootenay Recruitment Agency - Province of BC		30,397	80,000
Winlaw Placemaking	_	9,000	
	\$	313,686	\$ 166,553

#### March 31, 2024

### 9. External Restrictions on Net Assets (continued)

#### **Investment Funds**

Externally restricted balances in the Investment Funds are as follows:

	2024	2023
Primary Fund Principal contribution Retained surplus	\$ 1,483,000 \$ 3,794,716	1,483,000 3,458,088
	5,277,716	4,941,088
Community Business Fund Principal contribution Retained surplus	1,159,888 752,379	1,159,888 656,271
	1,912,267	1,816,159
Repayable Youth Fund Principal contribution Retained surplus	200,000 244,006	200,000 226,372
	444,006	426,372
Repayable Investment Fund Principal contribution Retained surplus	300,000 490,817	300,000 447,456
	790,817	747,456
Repayable Disabled Fund Principal contribution Retained deficit	200,000 (193,446)	200,000 (200,788)
	6,554	(788)
Micro Loan Fund Retained surplus	9,673	7,682
CFLIP Investment Fund Retained surplus	214	4,029
RRRF Fund Retained surplus	13,521	1,549
	\$ 8,454,768 \$	7,943,547

#### March 31, 2024

#### 9. External Restrictions on Net Assets (continued)

Investment Fund balances are externally restricted per the agreements under which they are established. They may become repayable if the following conditions occur:

- In the opinion of the Minister, the Fund is no longer necessary or relevant to the development of the Western Canadian economy;
- The Agreement is terminated in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement;
- An event of default by the Corporation occurs, as described in the Agreement;
- The Minister does not approve terms and conditions to extend the Project beyond the Completion Date;
- The Investment Fund is not administered in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement or with the Corporation's written policies governing its administration; or
- Following a review and evaluation by Pacifican of the results being achieved by the Corporation's operations and administration of the Investment Fund, the Minister determines that the Investment Fund is no longer providing a satisfactory level of benefits in terms of the development and growth of SMEs and Social Enterprises, including employment creation and strengthening of the economy in Western Canada.

#### 10. Internal Restrictions on Net Assets

Internally restricted funds are established and dissolved by Board motion. The amounts relate to excess contributions over expenditures on a project by project basis. The overall purpose of restricting funds is to provide for future needs of the Organization and to ensure that the spending of those funds supports the purposes for which they were established. The funds are not normally intended as a substitute for an annual provision for capital in the operating budget. Unless dissolved by Board motion, the balance in these accounts will carry forward from year to year.

	 2024	2023
Opening internally restricted funds Addition to (use of) internally restricted funds	\$ 91,691 40,984	\$ 111,877 (20,186)
Ending balance	\$ 132,675	\$ 91,691

#### 11. Interfund Transfers

The transfer between the Investment Fund and General Fund represents the amount approved in the operating plan of the Contribution Agreement with the Minister of Pacifican for administrative costs of the investment program and economic development activities, and staffing and the allocation of eligible costs from the Community Business Loan Fund.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 12. RRRF Loan Program

The RRRF loans, funded by the Government of Canada (GOC), were provided to businesses to finance qualifying expenses during COVID. The loans were non-interest bearing with no scheduled payments until January 18, 2024. If the balance of the loan was repaid by that date, 25% of the first \$40,000, and 50% of amounts above \$40,000, up to \$60,000 was forgiven. If the full amount of the loan payments were not made by January 18, 2024, the outstanding balance of the loan was converted to a 5% interest bearing loan to be repaid in monthly installments over a three year period ending December 31, 2026.

The RRRF loan receivable balance, and the loan financing repayable to the GOC have been recorded seperately. As at year-end, the loan receivable balance is \$285,544 (2023 - \$2,027,038), and the loan financing repayable balance is \$479,740 (2023 - \$2,223,288), the net of which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### 13. Remuneration of Directors, Employees and Contractors

The Society Act (British Columbia) requires certain information to be reported with regards to remuneration of employees, contractors and directors.

Included in wages and benefits are three employees and two contractors (2023 - three employees and two contractors) with remuneration over \$75,000 each. The total remuneration paid to these individuals for the year ended March 31, 2024 was \$455,523 (2023 - \$426,526). No honoraria were paid to members of the Board of Directors for the 2024 and 2023 years.

#### 14. Economic Dependence

The Corporation received 60% (2023 - 65%) of its operating revenue from the Federal and Provincial governments and is economically dependent upon them for its continuation.

#### 15. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

#### March 31, 2024

#### 16. Financial Instruments

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Corporation is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their financial obligations. The Corporation is exposed to credit risk arising from its loans receivable. Credit risk is minimized through diversification of the client base and limiting exposure to any one client. Collateral security and management's continuous review of client payments further minimizes credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the Corporation will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. The Corporation is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable, accrued liabilities and loans repayable.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of loans receivable. Fixed-interest instruments subject the Corporation to a fair value risk while the floating rate instruments subject it to a cash flow risk.

## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Schedule 1 - Investment Fund Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance

For the year ended March 31	Primary	ı	Disabled	R	Repayable	Community Business	Micro	Youth	CFLIP	RRRF	2024	2023
Current Assets Cash	\$ 895,659	\$	6,554	\$	161,695	\$ 377,533	\$ 6,540	\$ 163,816	\$ 214	\$ 207,617	\$ 1,819,628	\$ 2,181,931
Loans Receivable	5,079,337		-		629,122	1,145,790	3,133	280,290	-	285,544	7,423,216	8,409,685
	\$ 5,974,996	\$	6,554	\$	790,817	\$ 1,523,323	\$ 9,673	\$ 444,106	\$ 214	\$ 493,161	\$ 9,242,844	\$ 10,591,616
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable Interfund balances	8,336 688,944	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	(388,944)	\$ - - -	\$ - - 100	\$ - - -	\$ 194,196 285,544 (100)	\$ 194,196 293,880 300,000	\$ - 2,348,069 300,000
	697,280		-		-	(388,944)	-	100	-	479,640	788,076	2,648,069
Fund Balances Externally restricted	5,277,716		6,554		790,817	1,912,267	9,673	444,006	214	13,521	8,454,768	7,943,547
	\$ 5,974,996	\$	6,554	\$	790,817	\$1,523,323	\$ 9,673	\$ 444,106	\$ 214	\$ 493,161	\$ 9,242,844	\$ 10,591,616

## Community Futures Development Corporation of Central Kootenay Schedule 2 - Investment Fund Revenue, Expenditures, and Fund Balance

For the year ended March 31		Primary	Disabled	F	Repayable	Co	ommunity Business		Micro		Youth		CFLIP	RRRF		2024		2023
Revenue		44 255				,	4 252	,		,	2 742	,			,	22.254	ċ	14 720
Fees for services Interest on deposits Interest on loans receivable	, _	14,255 58,034 412,488	\$ 428 314	\$	18,626 42,673	\$	6,253 17,233 110,800	,	274 382	\$	2,743 13,709 16,134	\$	392 23,650	\$ 6,909 5,063	Þ	23,251 115,605 611,504	٠ -	14,720 68,104 399,797
	_	484,777	742		61,299		134,286		656		32,586		24,042	11,972		750,360		482,621
Expenditures Bad debt expense (recovery) Interest and bank charges	_	40,429 15,138	5,409 -		17,942 -		2,883 289		(1,336) -		2,946 -		(6,500) 16,939	-		61,773 32,366		53,648 19,368
	_	55,567	5,409		17,942		3,172		(1,336)		2,946		10,439	-		94,139		73,016
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenses Fund Balances, Beginning of Year Transfer between funds	_	429,210 4,941,088 (92,582)	(4,667) 11,221 -		43,357 747,460 -	1	131,114 1,816,153 (35,000)		1,992 7,681 -		29,640 414,366 -		13,603 4,029 (17,418)	11,972 1,549 -	7	656,221 7,943,547 (145,000)		409,605 7,712,942 (179,000)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	5,277,716	\$ 6,554	\$	790,817	\$ 1	1,912,267	\$	9,673	\$	444,006	\$	214	\$ 13,521	\$ 8	3,454,768	\$	7,943,547